

GEO. BOLIVER, Business Manager.

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SATURDAY, MAY 19, 1877.

The Election of Chief Justice.

From the Journal of Commerce we clip the following intelligent account of the election of Judge Willard to the Supreme Bench:

COLUMBIA, S. C., May 15.—The caucus last night, as previously announced, resulted in the nomination of Judge Willard, he having at about half-past three o'clock received forty-one votes. Twenty-three ballots were held, and this morning when the news was made public there was considerable excitement. There were many rumors of intended bolts, and the Radicals, all of whom oppose Willard, were keeping up their courage by offering to bet that he would be defeated. Long before one o'clock the hall of the House was crowded to its utmost capacity, a large number of ladies being present.

At one o'clock, the Senate, headed by Lieutenant-Governor Simpson, entered the hall. The Senators were given seats in front of the Speaker's and the Lieutenant-Governor calling the joint assembly to order, had read the resolution calling for the joint assembly, to elect a Chief Justice, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Chief Justice Moses.

Green, of Beaufort, asked if the election was to fill the unexpired term, or to fill the full term of six years.

The President replied that that was a question which each member must answer for himself.

Nominations were then called for.

Mr. Orr, of Anderson, nominated A. J. Willard. It was, he said, not necessary to make a long speech. Mr. Willard had filled the position of Associate Justice with honor and dignity, and he was satisfied that if he was promoted to the Chief Justiceship he would still continue to honor the position, and serve the State with fidelity.

Andrews, colored, of Sumter, nominated Hon. W. D. Porter.

Mr. Meyers, colored, of Beaufort, seconded the nomination of Mr. Willard, which nomination, he said, would demonstrate the fact that the people of South Carolina were, willing to recognize the worth of, and that he, for one, was not disposed to turn his back upon a man who, though not a native, was still identified with the interests of the State.

A pause ensued, and no other nominations having been made, the joint assembly proceeded to ballot. The vote was taken viva voce, the clerk of the Senate first calling the roll of that body.

The vote resulted Willard 15, McGowan 15, as follows: Those voting for Willard were Senators Bowen, Butler, Cannon, Counts, Crittenden, Evans, Howard, Jeter, Livingstone, J. C. Maxwell, Metz, Todd, and Whitherspoon, Democrats, and Senators Corwin and Gaillard, of Charleston, Republicans. Those voting for McGowan were Senators Bird, Carter, Clinton, Cochran, Duncan, Green, Johnston, H. J. Maxwell, Meyers, Nash, Swails, Taft, Warley and Williams, Republicans, and Senator Gary, Democrat. Absent and not voting, Buck Democrat, and Whittemore, Republican.

Then the roll of the House was called, with the following result: Willard, 71; McGowan 24; Porter, 2;

Kershaw, 2; W. H. Wallace, 1. Those voting for Willard are as follows: Hon. W. H. Wallace, Speaker, and Messrs. Aldrich, E. S. Allen, W. S. Allen, Anderson, Asbill, Austin, Bamberg, Bates, Bissell, Blake, Blue, D. Frank Branley, Wm. R. Bradley, W. C. Brown, Byers, Callison, Coit, Compton, Connor, Cooper, Cummings, Davis, Deal, Donald, Edens, Erwin, Gray, Guingard, Hamer, J. J. Hemphill, Robert R. Hemphill, Holmes, Hood, J. B. Humbert, Hutchison, Jeffries, Jennings, Jones, Leaphart, Mares, Massey, McRea, Moore, Muller, Orr, Parler, Peake, Petty, Redfearn, Rogers, Rountree, Sawyer, Shaw, Sheppard, Simpson, Sloan, Vandiver, Verner, Watts, Westmoreland Wolford, Woodward, Youmans, Democrats; and Bridges, Green, Hamilton, Kialoch, Myers, Reedish and Westberry, Republicans.

Those voting for McGowan are as follows: Messrs. Alexander, Boston, Caldwell, Coleman, Curtis, Dibble, Evans, Forest, Grither, Ghatt, Kieth, Keitt, Lowman, Miller, Milton, Morgan, Palmer, Petterson, Reed, Robinson, Scott, Jackson, A. Sincath, Wells, Wines, all Republicans. Andrews, Republican, and Bryan, Democrat, voted for Porter, Ferriter and Hough, Republicans, voted for Kershaw. Humbert, Republican, voted for Speaker Wallace. The following is a summary of the entire vote. Willard 86, McGowan 39, Porter 2, Fershaw 2, Wallace 1. Total 130. Necessary to a choice 66.

The President declared Hon. A. J. Willard, having received a majority of the whole number of votes given, duly elected Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of South Carolina, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Hon. F. J. Moses.

The joint assembly thereupon dissolved.

Testimony.

Saturday, May 12.—Senate.—Mr. Whittemore asked and obtained indefinite leave of absence on account of sickness in his family in Massachusetts.

Mr. Cochran introduced a bill to reduce and fix the costs of attorneys, bill to reduce and fix the price of dieting prisoners, and bill to ascertain and fix the public debt of the State.

HOUSE.—Mr. Aldrich, from the Judiciary Committee, reported favorably on the following: Bill to carry into effect Art. IV, Sec. 14, of the Constitution requiring judges to inter-change Circuits; bill to prevent fraudulent assignments and conveyances. Also unfavorably on the following: Bill to reduce the fees of sheriffs for dieting prisoners; bill to abolish the office of County Auditor; bill to amend an act to establish costs of attorneys.

The Lien Law was again discussed.

The following was received from the Governor, and read:

COLUMBIA, May 12, 1877.

Gentlemen of the Senate and House of Representatives:

Yesterday I transmitted to his Excellency the President of the United States the concurrent resolution adopted by the General Assembly invoking Executive clemency, and I hereby have the honor to communicate his reply.

WADE HAMPTON,

Governor.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 12, 1877.

To Gov. Wade Hampton:

I am informed by the Attorney-General that he has instructed the District Attorney for South Carolina to prepare for trial only three indictments in the Ellenton cases, and to notify the parties in all other cases that they need not prepare for trial. It is possible that only one case will be tried. The fact that the indictments were found by the grand jury, composed of both political parties, seems to justify the assumption that the prosecutions are not partisan. I agree with you that a general amnesty should extend to all political offenses except those which are of the gravest character.

R. B. HAYES,

President.

Mr. Aldrich introduced a concurrent resolution to extend the thanks of the General Assembly to President Hayes for his clemency.

MONDAY, May 14.—SENATE.—Mr. Cochran introduced a bill to investigate and ascertain the bona fide indebtedness of the different counties of the State, and to regulate the manner of paying the same.

Bill to provide for the election of County Auditors and Treasurers received its third reading.

HOUSE.—The vote on the bill to reduce Sheriff's fees for dieting prisoners was reconsidered, and bill ordered to be printed.

Bills Reported.

Bill to reduce and fix the per diem and mileage of members of the General Assembly.

Bill to repeal an act to protect the interests of the State in railroad bonds whereon interest is now due and remains unpaid.

Bill to apportion the taxes among the specific objects for which they were levied.

Bill to authorize County Commissioners to hire out convicts in the several counties of the State.

Bill for the further protection of wild turkeys.

Bill to reduce the pay of county commissioners and their clerks.

Bill to render officers of corporations personally responsible in certain cases.

Bill to regulate the rate of interest on all contracts arising in this State.

Bill to provide for the filling of vacancies in county offices, and to regulate the holding of elections therefore.

Bill to reduce the salaries of State officers.

Culture of Peanuts.

The cultivation of the peanut is extending very rapidly in the Southern States. The plant is tropical and largely cultivated in hot countries for food. An oil is expressed from the nuts said to be in no way inferior to that of olives. The cultivation of the peanut is not profitable north of Virginia, a warm, light and moderate soil being necessary. Plant in March and April, according to the latitude. The rows should be three and a half feet apart, hills two feet apart. Prop two to four pods in each hill. Cover two inches deep, and when the plants appear thin out, leaving two in each hill. Keep the ground mellow and the plants free from weeds. Use a light cultivator for this work and hoe around the hills occasionally until the plants bloom. A tablespoonful of plaster dropped on each hill two or three times during the season will give good results. When the plants bloom freely hill up slightly and they will need no further cultivation. The earlier the plants get started the larger the yield, which varies from twenty-five to seventy five bushels per acre. Gather the crop before the frost actually kills the vines. A common tree digger is the best implement for raising the vines and nuts. Spread out to dry for a day or two, then put up in small stacks, with the bottom layer resting on something to keep out the dirt. Put on caps of straw to prevent the pods from becoming blackened. Let the vines remain in the stack ten days or two weeks, when the nuts may be picked by hand or threshed off by machine.

To Prepare Squash for Pies.

The following method is well suited to the Hubbard and other hard-shelled, long-keeping squashes, and is equally useful for preparing squash for the table: My plan is to saw a squash in half, clean out the seeds; etc., then place open end down in a pan containing an inch or so of boiling water, placing small slips of wood or thick wire underneath them so that the edge will not burn on the pan. Let it steam until thoroughly tender. The flesh of the squash is then easily scraped out with a spoon, and run through a colander, if thought desirable, though it is not necessary, there being no hard lumps in it. By this plan none of the aroma of the squash is lost, while it greatly reduces the labor of preparation. Another plan is to take the two halves after cleaning from seeds, etc., join them together and bind firmly with twine, and place in the oven to bake until tender. There is little, if any difference in the result, but I give the preference to the first method as being much the easiest. —B. L. J., in American Agriculturist.

THE MEDICINE OF - SUNSHINE.—The world wants more sunshine in its disposition, in its business in its theology. For ten thousands of the aches and pains and irritation of men and women we recommend sunshine. It soothes better than morphine. It stimulates better than champagne. It is the best plaster for a wound. The good Samaritan poured out into the fallen traveller's gash more of this than wine and oil. Florence Nightingale used it on Crimean battlefields. Take it into all the alleys on board of all the ships, and by all sick beds. Not a phialful, but a soul full. It is good for spleen, for liver complaint, for neuralgia, for rheumatism, for falling fortunes, for melancholy. We suspect that heaven itself is only more sunshine.

HOW TO SUCCEED.—If your seat is hard to sit upon, stand up. If a rock rises up before you, roll it away or climb over it. If you want money, earn it. It takes longer to skin an elephant than a mouse, but the skin is worth something. If you want confidence, prove yourself worthy of it. Be not content with doing what another has done—surpass it. Do serve success, and it will come. The boy was not born a man. The sun does not rise like a rocket, or go down like a bullet fired from a gun; slowly and surely it makes its rounds, and never tires. It is as easy to be a leader as a wheel horse. If the job be long, the pay will be greater; if the task be hard, the more competent you must be to do it.

Ninety persons out of every hundred who set out fruit trees for home use or market indulge in too many varieties. This one fatal error has ruined more fruit-growers than all other causes combined. Nursery men propagate their hundreds and thousands of sorts, simply because a majority of their customers do not know what they want and will not take the advice of men who do. The prevailing passion with the novice in fruit culture is to try as many varieties as possible, and we have known men who had "just begun," and with very little capital, to go into a nursery and undertake to make a short purse go a long way, by purchasing a tree or two of each variety, instead of acting the wiser part, selecting from a number of trees a few of the very best.

FEED RACKS.—A stormy day improved by making a few racks to hold hay and fodder for cattle, sheep and horses, will return large profits before summer comes, in saving the feed from being trampled under foot and in the mud, and thus wasted and destroyed. Plenty of feeding racks about the barnyard is an evidence of a careful pains-taking farmer—and only such can make anything nowadays. It is not those who make the most that thrives best, but it is those who save the most of what they do make. The secret of success is in saving all that can economically and wisely be saved.

Gilt-edged handkerchiefs are the latest affectation. The edge must just peep from the swell's overcoat pocket on the port side.

An exchange says to sober a drunken man pour water down the spine of his back.

Wool wanted!

Wool Free of Burs

bought at best MARKET RATES.

At the Store of

John A. Hamilton

FOUTZ'S HORSE AND CATTLE POWDERS.



Will cure or prevent Disease. No Horse will die of COLIC, ROTT or LUNG FEVER, if Foutz's Powders are used in time. Foutz's Powders will cure and prevent HON Cholera. Foutz's Powders will prevent GASKS in FOWLS, especially Turkeys. Foutz's Powders will increase the quantity of milk and cream twenty per cent, and make the butter firm and sweet. Foutz's Powders will cure or prevent almost every Disease that Horses and Cattle are heir to. FOUTZ'S POWDERS WILL GIVE SATISFACTION. Sold every where.

DAVID E. FOUTZ, Proprietor, BALTIMORE, MD. May 19 1877 1y.

Dr. J. G. Wannamaker, PHARMACIST, and PROPRIETOR OF THE ORNGEBURG DRUG HOUSE.

Where can always be found a Selected Stock of PURE CHEMICAL Genuine Drugs, Patent Medicines, Perfumery, Soaps, Combs and Brushes Fancy and Toilet Articles, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, &c.

Also Cutlery, Cigars and Tobacco.

Physicians' prescriptions carefully compounded, by experienced hands

We give our undivided attention to the DRUG BUSINESS, and feel assured that we can make it to the advantage of our friends and customers to purchase from us. We have just made an addition to our large stock comprising every article kept in a FIRST CLASS DRUG HOUSE. Every article that leaves our House is Guaranteed to be of best quality and sold at the right price. A call from the public generally is solicited. Respectfully

DR. NIGHT BELL promptly answered.

J. G. WANNAMAKER, Pharmacist.

Office OF GEO. H. CORNELSON'S THE LARGEST AND CHEAPEST STOCK

Ever offered in this Place is now opening, consisting of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, GOOTS AND SHOES, HARDWARE, WILLOW AND WOODWARE, GLASS AND CROCKERY, CLOTHING, ETC.,

Which will be sold at LOW DOWN PRICES FOR CASH!

An early examination is respectfully solicited, and nothing charged for showing goods.

GEO. H. CORNELSON.

MAKE NO MISTAKE!

TAKE HEPATINE

The Great Remedy for all Diseases of the Liver.

TAKE HEPATINE

The Great Cure for Dyspepsia and Liver Disease.

TAKE HEPATINE

The Great Cure for Indigestion and Liver Disease.

TAKE HEPATINE

The Great Cure for Constipation and Liver Disease.

TAKE HEPATINE

The Great Cure for Sick Headache and Liver Disease.

TAKE HEPATINE

The Great Cure for Bilious Attacks and Liver Disease.

TAKE HEPATINE

For Sour Stomach, Headache and Liver Disease.

TAKE HEPATINE

For Female Weakness, General Debility and Liver Disease.

WHAT IS DYSPEPSIA?

A state of the Stomach in which the food is not properly digested, often with the presence of other diseases, attended with loss of appetite, nausea, heartburn, sour stomach, rising of food after eating, sense of fullness or weight in the stomach, acid or flat eructations, a fluttering or sinking at the pit of the stomach, palpitations, blurring of the vision, morbid feelings and uneasiness of various kinds, and which is permanent unless cured. You take

HEPATINE

WHAT IS CONSTIPATION OR COSTIVENESS?

A state of the bowels in which the evacuations do not take place when the food is not properly digested, and in which condition the sufferer is liable to become the victim of nearly every disease that human flesh is heir to—chills, fevers and general prostration. It is positively cured if you take

HEPATINE

WHAT IS INDIGESTION?

A condition of the Stomach produced by ineffectuality of the Liver, when the food is not properly digested, and in which condition the sufferer is liable to become the victim of nearly every disease that human flesh is heir to—chills, fevers and general prostration. It is positively cured if you take

HEPATINE

WHAT IS SICK & NERVOUS HEADACHE?

It was at one time supposed that the seat of the brain was in the stomach. Certain it is a wonderful sympathy exists between the two, and what effects one has an immediate effect on the other. So it is that a disordered stomach invariably is followed by a sympathetic action of the brain, and headaches all arise from this cause. Headaches are easily cured if you take

HEPATINE

WHAT IS SOUR STOMACH?

The former is the primary cause of the latter. A sour stomach creates the heat and burning sensation. The contents of the stomach ferment and turn sour. Sick stomach, followed by griping, colic and diarrhea, often occur.

When the skin is yellow, TAKE

HEPATINE

When the tongue is coated, TAKE

HEPATINE

DEATH TO DISEASE!

For bitter, bad taste in the mouth, TAKE

HEPATINE

As a teaspoonful in a wineglass full of water, directed on bottle, and you never will be sick. This is saying a great deal, but we

MAKE NO MISTAKE!

TAKE

HEPATINE

FIFTY DOSES IN EACH BOTTLE.

FOR SALE BY

may 19 1877 1y

ABIAL LATHROP,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Orangeburg, S. C.

Office in rear of Masonic Hall.

March 3 1y.

NOTICE.

OFFICE OF SCHOOL COMMISSIONER

ORANGEBURG COUNTY,

ORANGEBURG, May 4th 1877.

I Thomas Phillips School Commissioner of the above said County have this day appointed E. A. Webster and T. K. Saspotas as members of the County Board of Examiners for the County of Orangeburg, to act with me, as in accordance with Section 31 of An Act to amend An Act entitled "An Act to establish and maintain a system of Free Common Schools for the State of South Carolina," approved November 6th 1871, to have and hold the said appointment for the term of two years from date.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA,

COUNTY OF ORANGEBURG,

OFFICE OF SCHOOL COMMISSIONER,

ORANGEBURG, May 10th 1877.

In accordance with Section 33 of An Act to amend An Act entitled "An Act to establish and maintain a system of Free Common Schools for the State of South Carolina," approved March 6th 1871, the following persons are hereby appointed School Trustees for the various School Districts designated:

Audubon—F. P. Buyc, Louis L. Prioleau,

S. L. Duncan.

Branchville—W. H. Reedish, Rev. E. Green,

G. S. Baxter.

Cane Run—Webster M. Wolfe, V. V.

Murph, E. Glover.

Cow Creek—J. V. Connor, Levi Summers,

James Stokes.

Edisto—Benj. Posser, Allen Brown, June

Antily.

Elizabeth—George Dannerly, G. Y. Culler,

Jos. Bush.

Goodby's—Dr. R. W. Bates, Eli Jackson,

Solomon R. Felder.

Goodland—W. L. Emery, B. G. Frederick,

Alex. Brown.

Hebron—D. R. Shannahan, Phillip Carson,

Daniel Hart.

Liberty—W. L. Phillips, Rufus Pou,

George Blume.

Lyons—A. O. Holman, F. W. Williams,

Andy Clarkson.

Middle—H. M. Miller, J. P. M. Fourn,

Thom. J. Phillips.

New Hope—T. Batton, Geo. Garvin, Peter

Anderson.

Orange—S. Dibble, V. D. Bowman, Henry

Glover.

Pine Grove—A. R. Flood, W. W. Vice, Smith

Glover.

Poplar—Dr. A. Baxter, William Green,

William Pauling.

Providence—L. W. Dantzier, Tom Allyn,

Richard Brown.

Rocky Grove—D. S. Sawyer, Louis Wood-

ward, Jacob Schofield.

Union—W. F. Chaplin, J. S. Osborne, W.

R. Myers.

Vances—E. L. Dantzier, Rufus Felder,

Jessy Williams.

Willow—J. T. Williams, Denus Stroman

Isaac Senieur.

Zion—Capt. Alexander Thairn, B. H.

Haynes, Isaac Jones.

The above named Trustees are hereby notified that they must qualify within fifteen (15) days from the date of their appointment and at the first meeting of their respective Boards must organize by electing or appointing one of their number clerk of the Board, who shall preside at the official meeting of the Trustees, and shall record their proceedings in a book provided for that purpose.

By Order of the Board of Examiners. THOMAS PHILLIPS, Chairman. T. K. SASPOTAS.

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